

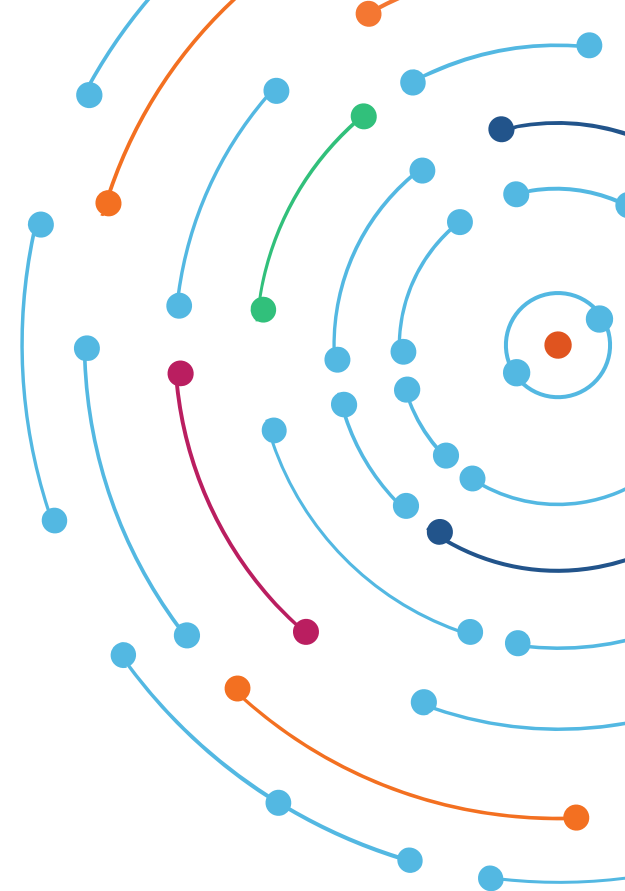


What is Network Observability?

RSNOG November 2021

Nina

Director, GTM Strategy



A bit about Kentik

300+
ENTERPRISE CUSTOMERS

EVERY
NETWORK

EVERY
COUNTRY

95%+
CSAT

>25%
INCREASED UPTIME

TRILLIONS
RECORDS/DAY

T Mobile

IBM

**verizon
media**

Uber

Principal

zoom

cisco

sky

salesforce

KDDI

ebay

box

Kentik is the Network Observability Company

300+
ENTERPRISE CUSTOMERS

EVERY
NETWORK

EVERY
COUNTRY

95%+
CSAT

>25%
INCREASED UPTIME

TRILLIONS
RECORDS/DAY

T Mobile

IBM

verizon
media

Uber

Principal

zoom

cisco

sky

salesforce

KDDI

ebay

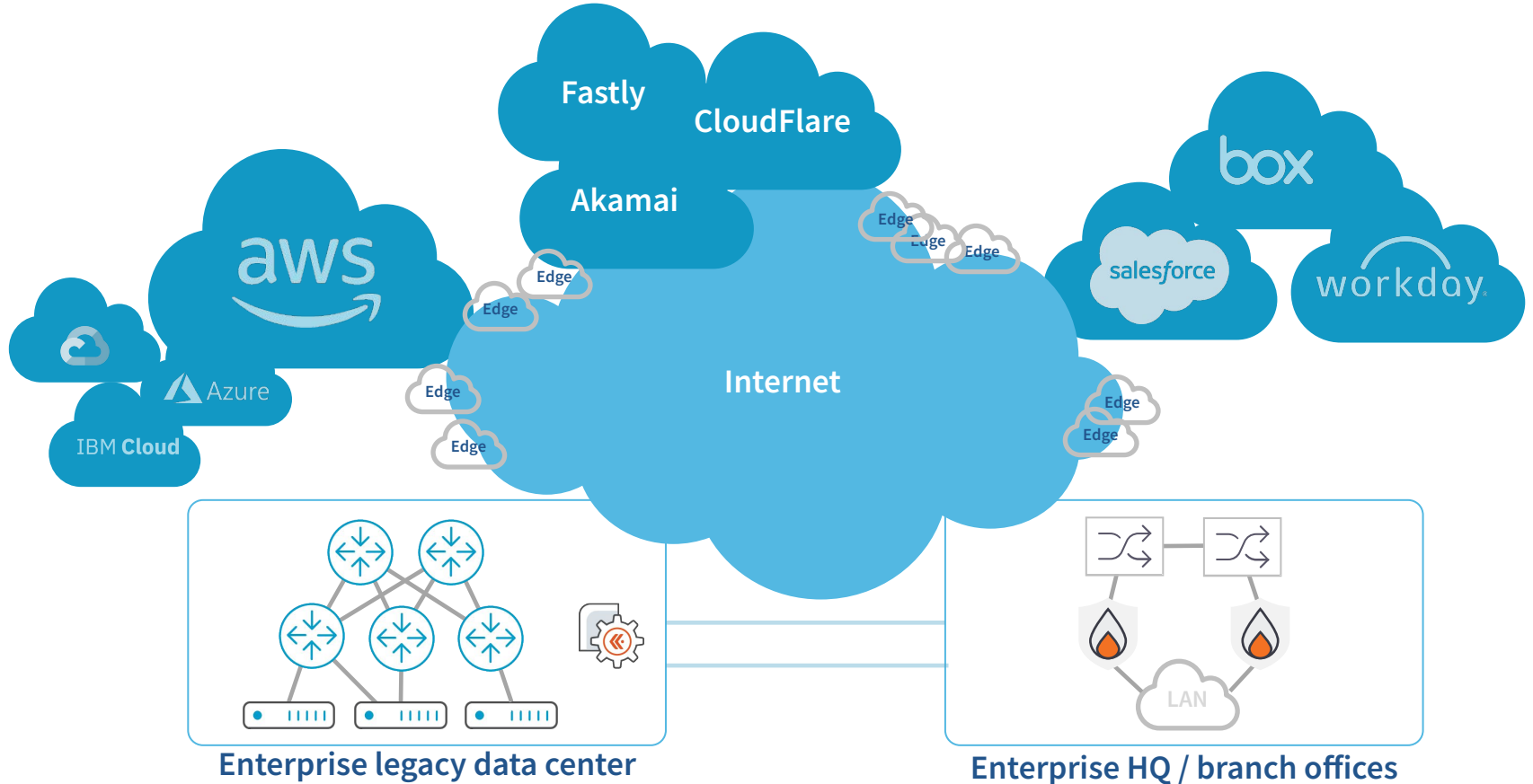
box

And a bit about me

Nina Bargisen

- Director, Go To Market Strategy
- **Prior to this** I spent a couple of decades building the internet at Subspace, Netflix and TDC
- A passionate sailor

It's not all your network anymore



Is it the
network?

How can we
not know?



The observability wave

- **Observability** is the ability to understand system behavior by looking at its outputs
- Leading platforms are **challenged by networking constructs** (paths, prefixes, maps) and the numbers, particularly of IP addresses
- **But observability CAN be for networks too!** It requires:
 - Consuming high volume of network data
 - Learning and asking in network terms
 - Integrating with traditional observability data and platforms

What is network **OBSERVABILITY**?

It's the ability to answer *any* question about your network

When will we
be at
capacity?

Is the network the
problem?

Are we
under
attack?

What should I be
performance testing?

What's driving
latency in the east?

What will my
cloud costs
be in...?

The six requirements for network observability



See
all networks



Correlate
traffic and
performance



Add **context**
(business,
app, cloud)



Get **Insights**
that provide
clarity

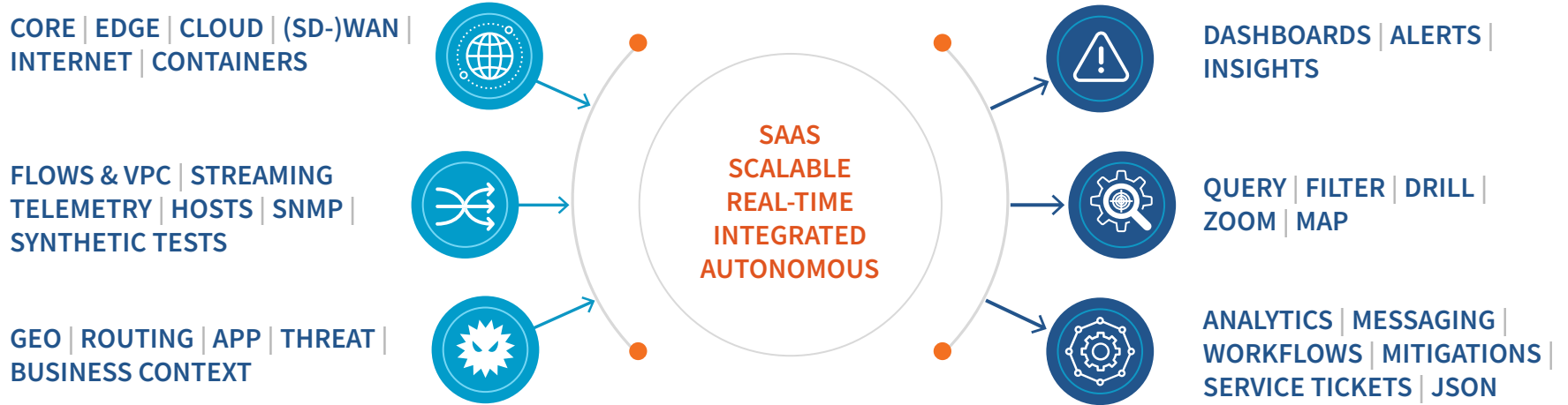


Ask
any question



Automate
routine tasks

What Good Network Observability Looks Like



What Good Network Observability Looks Like



Requirement 1: See all networks

The screenshot displays the Kentik OPERATE interface. At the top, it shows 'OPERATE > Kentik Map' and 'View Logical Map'. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Clouds:** Includes buttons for Amazon, Microsoft Azure, Google, and IBM Cloud.
- On Prem:** A large network diagram showing various nodes and connections, including labels like 'sdwan_xpl_LON1', 'sdwan_cisco_NV1', and 'sdwan_cisco_AZ1'.
- Traffic Analysis:** A central panel showing traffic graphs for 'vpc-1c1b7c83' with 'Inbound' and 'Outbound' metrics over time.
- Internet:** A panel on the right showing a list of providers and next-hop networks, including '192.168.1.0/24' and '192.168.1.0/24'.

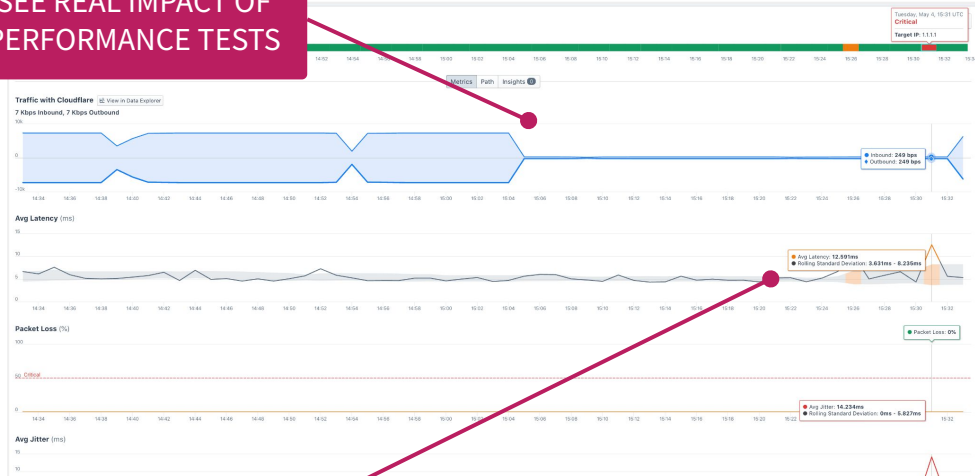
Four callout boxes highlight key features:

- SEE CLOUDS & NETWORKS TOGETHER:** Points to the Clouds section.
- SEE & DRILL INTO PERFORMANCE DETAILS:** Points to the On Prem network diagram.
- DISCOVER ROUTES & PATHWAYS:** Points to the Internet provider list.
- DRILL TO GRANULAR DETAILS:** Points to the traffic analysis graphs.

“ Why are Boston users having O365 issues? | Why is Azure slow to S3? | Can Fastly get to AWS well?

Requirement 2: Correlate traffic flows and performance tests

SEE REAL IMPACT OF PERFORMANCE TESTS



DRILL INTO SPECIFIC EVENTS

The screenshot shows the 'Test ASN' configuration page in the SYNTHETICS Test Control Center. It includes steps for selecting an ASN to target, choosing agents to test from, naming the test, and configuring notifications. A table lists various ASNs with their traffic status and monitoring options.

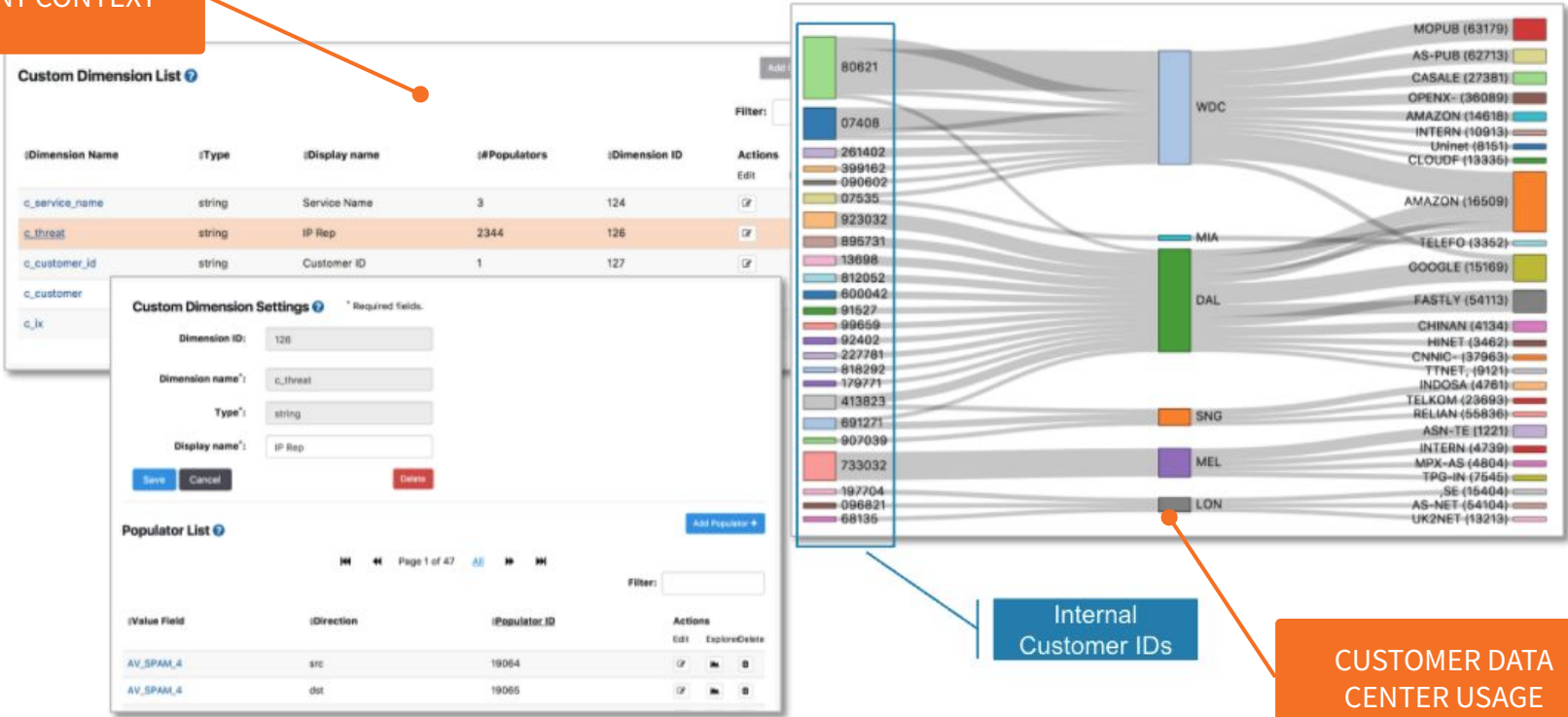
ASN	Traffic	Status
AS209 (194.103.128.0)	10 Flows	Not Monitored
London-Cloudflare (193.50.135.0)	9 Flows	Not Monitored
Alamo-10 (198.51.252.0)	7 Flows	Not Monitored
Verizon (144.179.0.0)	6 Flows	Not Monitored
Verizon Media Services (EdgeCast) (193.133.0.0)	6 Flows	Not Monitored
FACEBOOK (157.140.0.0)	4 Flows	Not Monitored
Amazon US (192.162.0.0)	4 Flows	Not Monitored

USE FLOWS TO SET UP & RIGHT-SIZE TESTS

“ Was anything affected by PSI’s outage? | What customers are having access issues?

Requirement 3: Understand **in context**

ADD ANY CONTEXT



Internal Customer IDs

CUSTOMER DATA CENTER USAGE

“ Which customers are filling my AWS interconnect? | What users are crypto mining?”

Requirement 4: get insights that provide clarity

The screenshot displays the Kentik Observation Deck interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Kentik logo and a 'Feedback' button. Below it, the 'Observation Deck' title is accompanied by a '+ Add Visualizations' button. A welcome message explains the dashboard's purpose: 'Welcome to your Observation Deck. Unleash the power of Network Observability! Observation Deck is your customizable home page to tailor your Kentik experience however you see fit. Dive into your network data by adding curated Kentik content or add your favorite Data Explorer views through widgets. Make sure to check back frequently to check out new content highlighting new capabilities and specialize use cases.' There are also buttons for 'Set as Default Homepage' and 'Don't ask'.

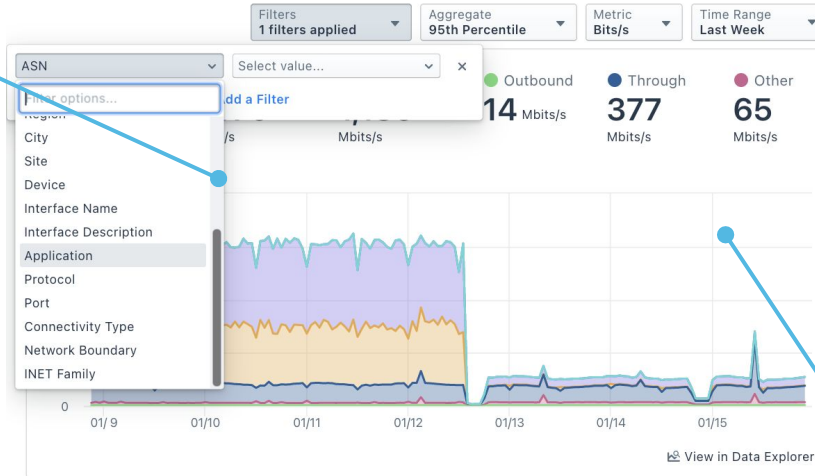
The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Traffic Overview:** A line chart showing traffic volume over time. The legend includes Total (251 Gbit/s), Internal (216 Gbit/s), Inbound (17 Gbit/s), Outbound (<1 Gbit/s), Through (<1 Gbit/s), and Other (11 Gbit/s). The chart shows a significant peak in internal traffic around 20:00.
- Insights Overview:** A list of network health alerts. A blue callout bubble points to this section. The list includes:
 - c143_jad1_kentik_com received 166% more traffic than usual at this time of day. 6 hours ago
 - c143_jad1_kentik_com received 594% more traffic than usual at this time of day. 6 hours ago
 - c245_jad2_kentik_com received 185% more traffic than usual at this time of day. 10 hours ago
 - d251_jad2_kentik_com received 6164% more traffic than usual at this time of day. 11 hours ago
 - d131_jad1_kentik_com received more traffic than usual at this time of day.
- Location-specific Data:** Three tables provide detailed traffic data for 'AM's EC2', 'AM's Home', and 'Ashburn DC3'. Each table lists traffic types and their respective volumes in Gbit/s.

AM's EC2		AM's Home		Ashburn DC3	
	Gbit/s		Gbit/s		Gbit/s
Total	250.82	Total	250.83	Total	
Internal	216.44	Internal	216.44	Internal	
Inbound	16.94	Inbound	16.94	Inbound	
Other	10.88	Other	10.88	Other	
Outbound	0.47	Outbound	0.47	Through	
Through	0.26	Through	0.26	Outbound	

Requirement 5: Ask (and get an answer to) any question

ASK ANY WAY: ZOOM,
FILTER, DRILL



DETAILED, HI-FI
VISUALIZATIONS

ORGANIZED DATA
THAT'S EASY TO SEE

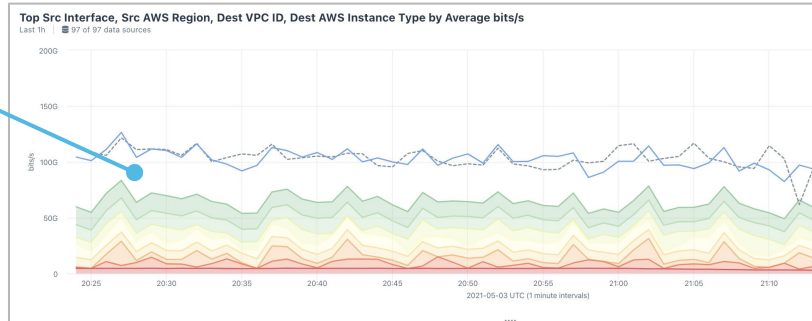
BGP Communities | Cities | Countries | Devices | Interfaces | Prefix/LEN | Sites | Customize

City	Internal Mbits/s	Inbound Mbits/s	Outbound Mbits/s	Through Mbits/s	Other Mbits/s	Total Mbits/s
-	1,681.64	31.03	0.61	415.49	83.84	2,212.62
San Francisco	1,530.06	2.90	1.59	50.41	13.35	1,598.32
New York City	-	8.00	-	34.46	19.26	61.71

“ What’s going on in Dallas? | Who’s using 8.8.8.8? | Why is there still app traffic in that DC?

Requirement 5: Ask (and get an answer to) any question

INSTANTLY QUERY
AND SHARE



Source Interface	Source Region
● Historical Total: 7 days back Overlay	
● Total Overlay	
● embedded_cache (101)	---
● free_pri (102)	---
● ge-0/0/2.0 (540)	---
● ge-0/0/3.0 (541)	---

Group By Dimensions

Presets: Filter-Based

Search Available Dimensions

Selected Dimensions: No items selected

Cloud

- Amazon Web Services
 - Account
 - Instance Name
 - Region
 - Zone
 - Instance Type
 - Image ID
 - Security Group
 - Auto Scaling Group
 - Public DNS Name
 - Private DNS Name
 - VPC ID
 - Subnet ID
 - Instance Tags
 - Packet Address
 - Gateway ID
 - Gateway Type
- Google Cloud Platform
 - Project ID
 - VM Name
 - Region
 - Zone

Cloud Flow Log Provider

- Firewall Action
- Logging Status
- Start Time
- End Time
- Interface ID
- Reporter

Buttons: Clear Selections, Cancel, Save

QUERY AND FILTER
ANY DIMENSION

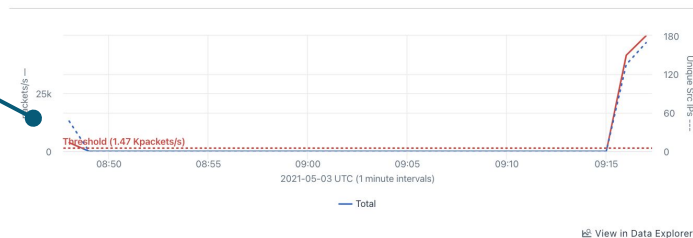
Requirement 6: Automate routine tasks

VISUALIZE TASK IN ACTION

V4 DDoS - ICMP Flood Attack

An ICMP flood is a denial-of-service attack in which the attacker attempts to overwhelm a targeted host with ICMP echo-request packets, causing the target to become inaccessible to normal traffic. When the attack traffic comes from multiple...
[Show More](#)

Dest IP/CIDR **57.27** Kpackets/s **173.00** Unique Src IPs **27.11** Mbits/s
10.0.6.2 3796% above threshold 246% above threshold



Why Was This Triggered?

The following conditions were met:

Condition	Value
Kpackets/s value is greater than 1.47 Kpackets/s (static)	57.27 Kpackets/s (3796% over threshold)
Unique Src IPs value is greater than 50.00 Unique Src IPs (static)	173.00 Unique Src IPs (246% over threshold)

A static threshold was used (no baselining).

BACKTRACK TO UNDERSTAND WHY

- Severity**
Major
- Starting Time**
2021-05-03 09:17
- Ending Time**
Currently Active
- Alarm ID**
104057649
- Policy**
V4 DDoS - ICMP Flood Attack
- Family**
V4 DDoS
- Frequency**
This insight has happened roughly 2x per day in the last 30 days
[Show all Occurrences](#)
- Dest IP/CIDR**
10.0.6.2 has been found in 67 other V4 DDoS insights in the last 7 days.
- Take Action**
 -
 -
 -
 -
- Explore More Insights**
[V4 DDoS - ICMP Flood Attack insights](#)

JUMP OFF TO NEXT LOGICAL STEP

Automate cost reporting | Manage capacity with no touch | Mitigate attacks as soon as we see them

What happens when you do it right



Uptime

25% MTTR Improvement



Productivity

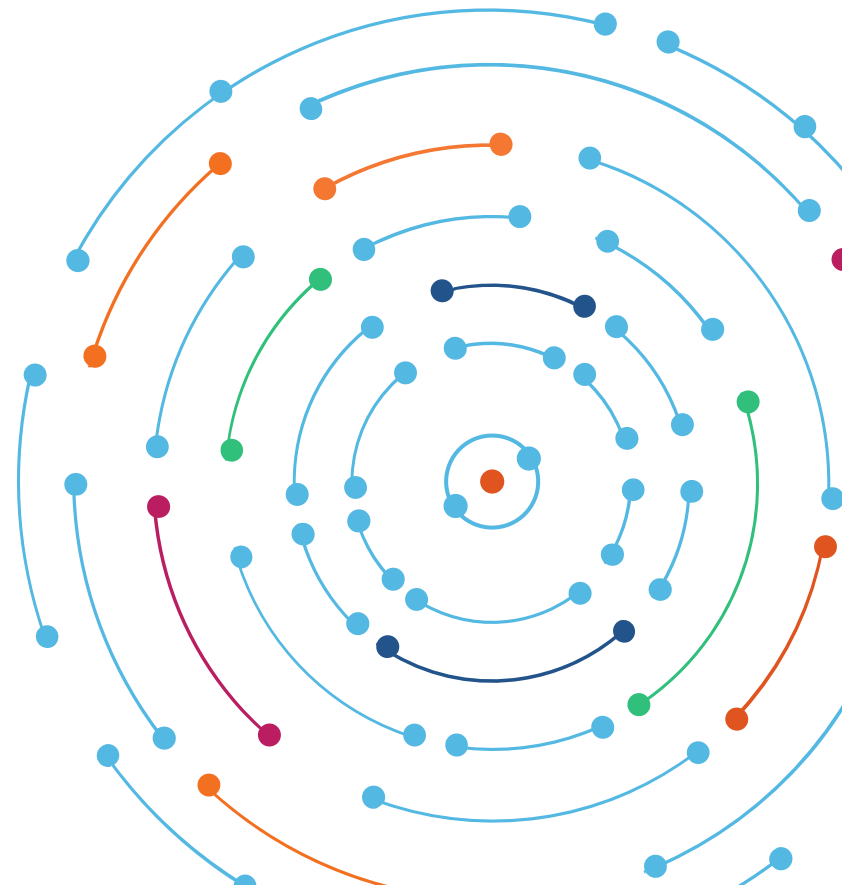
30% Faster Ops Task Completion



Cost

20% OPEX Savings

Questions?



THANK YOU!

nina@kentic.com
@nissen333

Join Kentik Community on
Slack:

<https://www.kentic.com/go/kentic-community-slack-signup/>

